

Nitche method for computer homogenization boundary conditions

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Abstract

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Keywords Nitche method, Multiscale, Computational homogenization.

1 Constrains

1

$$\mathcal{R} = \mathcal{C}^T(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}^T)^{-1} \quad (1)$$

2

$$\mathcal{P} = \mathcal{R}\mathcal{C} \quad (2)$$

3

$$\mathcal{Q} = \mathcal{I} - \mathcal{P} \quad (3)$$

4

$$\mathcal{P} = \mathcal{P}\mathcal{P} \quad (4)$$

2 Problem formulation

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$$\mathbf{t}(\mathbf{u}) = -\frac{1}{\gamma}\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{C}\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{g} - \gamma\mathcal{C}\mathbf{t}(\mathbf{u})) \quad (5)$$

8

$$a(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) - \int_{\Gamma} \mathbf{t}^T(\mathbf{u})\mathbf{P}\mathbf{v}d\Gamma = 0 \quad (6)$$

9

$$\mathbf{v} = \mathcal{R}(\mathcal{C}\mathbf{v} - \phi\gamma\mathcal{C}\mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v})) + \phi\gamma\mathcal{P}\mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) + \mathcal{Q}\mathbf{v} \quad (7)$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
& a(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) \\
& - \int_{\Gamma} \mathbf{t}^T(\mathbf{u}) \phi \gamma \mathcal{P} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma \\
& - \int_{\Gamma} \mathbf{t}^T(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{R}(\mathcal{C} \mathbf{v} - \phi \gamma \mathcal{C} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v})) d\Gamma \\
& = 0
\end{aligned} \tag{8}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
& a(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) \\
& - \int_{\Gamma} \mathbf{t}^T(\mathbf{u}) \phi \gamma \mathcal{P} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma \\
& + \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} (\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{C} \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{g} - \gamma \mathcal{C} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{u})))^T \mathcal{R}(\mathcal{C} \mathbf{v} - \phi \gamma \mathcal{C} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v})) d\Gamma \\
& = 0
\end{aligned} \tag{9}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
& a(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) \\
& - \int_{\Gamma} \phi \gamma \mathbf{t}^T(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{P} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma \\
& + \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} (\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{C} \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{g} - \gamma \mathcal{C} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{u})))^T \mathcal{R}(\mathcal{C} \mathbf{v} - \phi \gamma \mathcal{C} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v})) d\Gamma \\
& = 0
\end{aligned} \tag{10}$$

13

$$\begin{aligned}
& a(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) \\
& - \int_{\Gamma} \phi \gamma \mathbf{t}^T(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{P} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma \\
& + \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} (\mathbf{u} - \gamma \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{u}))^T \mathcal{P}(\mathbf{v} - \phi \gamma \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v})) d\Gamma \\
& - \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{g}^T \mathcal{R}^T(\mathbf{v} - \phi \gamma \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v})) d\Gamma \\
& = 0
\end{aligned} \tag{11}$$

14

$$\begin{aligned}
& a(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) \\
& \quad - \int_{\Gamma} \phi \gamma \mathbf{t}^{\mathrm{T}}(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{P} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) \mathrm{d}\Gamma \\
& + \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{u}^{\mathrm{T}} \mathcal{P} \mathbf{v} - \phi \mathbf{u}^{\mathrm{T}} \mathcal{P} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) - \mathbf{t}^{\mathrm{T}}(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{P} \mathbf{v} + \phi \gamma \mathbf{t}^{\mathrm{T}}(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{P} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) \mathrm{d}\Gamma \\
& \quad - \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{g}^{\mathrm{T}} \mathcal{R}^{\mathrm{T}}(\mathbf{v} - \phi \gamma \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v})) \mathrm{d}\Gamma \\
& = 0
\end{aligned} \tag{12}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
& a(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) \\
& \quad - \int_{\Gamma} \mathbf{t}^{\mathrm{T}}(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{P} \mathbf{v} \mathrm{d}\Gamma \\
& \quad - \int_{\Gamma} \phi \gamma \mathbf{t}^{\mathrm{T}}(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{P} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) \mathrm{d}\Gamma \\
& + \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{u}^{\mathrm{T}} \mathcal{P} \mathbf{v} - \phi \mathbf{u}^{\mathrm{T}} \mathcal{P} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) + \phi \gamma \mathbf{t}^{\mathrm{T}}(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{P} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) \mathrm{d}\Gamma \\
& \quad - \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{g}^{\mathrm{T}} \mathcal{R}^{\mathrm{T}}(\mathbf{v} - \phi \gamma \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v})) \mathrm{d}\Gamma \\
& = 0
\end{aligned} \tag{13}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
& a(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) \\
& \quad - \int_{\Gamma} \mathbf{t}^{\mathrm{T}}(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{P} \mathbf{v} \mathrm{d}\Gamma \\
& + \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{u}^{\mathrm{T}} \mathcal{P} \mathbf{v} - \phi \mathbf{u}^{\mathrm{T}} \mathcal{P} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) \mathrm{d}\Gamma \\
& \quad - \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{g}^{\mathrm{T}} \mathcal{R}^{\mathrm{T}}(\mathbf{v} - \phi \gamma \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v})) \mathrm{d}\Gamma \\
& = 0
\end{aligned} \tag{14}$$

18

$$\begin{aligned}
& a(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) \\
& - \int_{\Gamma} \mathbf{t}^T(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{P} \mathbf{v} d\Gamma \\
& + \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{u}^T \mathcal{P} \mathbf{v} - \phi \mathbf{u}^T \mathcal{P} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma \\
& - \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{g}^T \mathcal{R}^T \mathbf{v} - \phi \mathbf{g}^T \mathcal{R}^T \gamma \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma \\
& = 0
\end{aligned} \tag{15}$$

19

$$\begin{aligned}
a(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) - \int_{\Gamma} \mathbf{t}^T(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{P} \mathbf{v} d\Gamma + \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{u}^T \mathcal{P} \mathbf{v} d\Gamma - \int_{\Gamma} \phi \mathbf{u}^T \mathcal{P} \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma \\
- \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{g}^T \mathcal{R}^T \mathbf{v} d\Gamma + \int_{\Gamma} \phi \mathbf{g}^T \mathcal{R}^T \gamma \mathbf{t}(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma \\
= 0
\end{aligned} \tag{16}$$

3 Periodic BC

$$\mathcal{C} = [1, -1] \tag{17}$$

$$\mathcal{R} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{Bmatrix} \tag{18}$$

$$\mathcal{P} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{19}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
a(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) - \int_{\Gamma} [\mathbf{t}_+^T(\mathbf{u}) \mathbf{t}_-^T(\mathbf{u})] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{v}_+ \\ \mathbf{v}_- \end{Bmatrix} d\Gamma \\
+ \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} [\mathbf{u}_+^T \mathbf{u}_-^T] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{v}_+ \\ \mathbf{v}_- \end{Bmatrix} d\Gamma \\
- \int_{\Gamma} \phi [\mathbf{u}_+^T \mathbf{u}_-^T] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{t}_+(\mathbf{v}) \\ \mathbf{t}_-(\mathbf{v}) \end{Bmatrix} d\Gamma \\
- \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{g}^T [1 \ -1] \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{v}_+ \\ \mathbf{v}_- \end{Bmatrix} d\Gamma \\
+ \int_{\Gamma} \phi \mathbf{g}^T [1 \ -1] \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{t}_+(\mathbf{v}) \\ \mathbf{t}_-(\mathbf{v}) \end{Bmatrix} d\Gamma \\
= 0
\end{aligned} \tag{20}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) \\
& - \int_{\Gamma_+} (\mathbf{t}_+^T(\mathbf{u}) - \mathbf{t}_-^T(\mathbf{u})) \mathbf{v}_+ d\Gamma - \int_{\Gamma_-} (\mathbf{t}_-^T(\mathbf{u}) - \mathbf{t}_+^T(\mathbf{u})) \mathbf{v}_- d\Gamma \\
& \quad + \int_{\Gamma_+} \frac{1}{\gamma} (\mathbf{u}_+^T - \mathbf{u}_-^T) \mathbf{v}_+ d\Gamma + \int_{\Gamma_-} \frac{1}{\gamma} (\mathbf{u}_-^T - \mathbf{u}_+^T) \mathbf{v}_- d\Gamma \\
& - \int_{\Gamma_+} \phi (\mathbf{u}_+^T - \mathbf{u}_-^T) \mathbf{t}_+(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma - \int_{\Gamma_-} \phi (\mathbf{u}_-^T - \mathbf{u}_+^T) \mathbf{t}_-(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma \\
& \quad - \int_{\Gamma_+} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{g}^T \mathbf{v}_+ d\Gamma + \int_{\Gamma_-} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{g}^T \mathbf{v}_- d\Gamma \\
& \quad + \int_{\Gamma_+} \phi \mathbf{g}^T \mathbf{t}_+(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma - \int_{\Gamma_-} \phi \mathbf{g}^T \mathbf{t}_-(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma \\
& = 0
\end{aligned} \tag{21}$$

$$\mathbf{D} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 2x & 0 & 0 & y & 0 & z \\ 0 & 2y & 0 & x & z & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2z & z & 0 & x \end{bmatrix} \tag{22}$$

$$\mathbf{g} = \mathcal{P} \mathbf{D} \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} = (\mathbf{D}_+ - \mathbf{D}_-) \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \tag{23}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) \\
& - \int_{\Gamma_+} (\mathbf{t}_+^T(\mathbf{u}) - \mathbf{t}_-^T(\mathbf{u})) \mathbf{v}_+ d\Gamma - \int_{\Gamma_-} (\mathbf{t}_-^T(\mathbf{u}) - \mathbf{t}_+^T(\mathbf{u})) \mathbf{v}_- d\Gamma \\
& \quad + \int_{\Gamma_+} \frac{1}{\gamma} (\mathbf{u}_+^T - \mathbf{u}_-^T) \mathbf{v}_+ d\Gamma + \int_{\Gamma_-} \frac{1}{\gamma} (\mathbf{u}_-^T - \mathbf{u}_+^T) \mathbf{v}_- d\Gamma \\
& - \int_{\Gamma_+} \phi (\mathbf{u}_+^T - \mathbf{u}_-^T) \mathbf{t}_+(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma - \int_{\Gamma_-} \phi (\mathbf{u}_-^T - \mathbf{u}_+^T) \mathbf{t}_-(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma \\
& \quad - \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^T \int_{\Gamma_+} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{D}^T \mathbf{v}_+ d\Gamma - \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^T \int_{\Gamma_-} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{D}^T \mathbf{v}_- d\Gamma \\
& \quad + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^T \int_{\Gamma_+} \phi \mathbf{D}^T \mathbf{t}_+(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^T \int_{\Gamma_-} \phi \mathbf{D}^T \mathbf{t}_-(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma \\
& = 0
\end{aligned} \tag{24}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
& a(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) \\
& - \int_{\Gamma_+} \mathbf{t}_+^T(\mathbf{v}_+ - \mathbf{v}_-)d\Gamma - \int_{\Gamma_-} \mathbf{t}_-^T(\mathbf{v}_- - \mathbf{v}_+)d\Gamma \\
& + \int_{\Gamma_+} \frac{1}{\gamma}(\mathbf{u}_+^T - \mathbf{u}_-^T)\mathbf{v}_+d\Gamma + \int_{\Gamma_-} \frac{1}{\gamma}(\mathbf{u}_-^T - \mathbf{u}_+^T)\mathbf{v}_-d\Gamma \\
& - \int_{\Gamma_+} \phi(\mathbf{u}_+^T - \mathbf{u}_-^T)\mathbf{t}_+(\mathbf{v})d\Gamma - \int_{\Gamma_-} \phi(\mathbf{u}_-^T - \mathbf{u}_+^T)\mathbf{t}_-(\mathbf{v})d\Gamma \quad (25) \\
& - \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^T \int_{\Gamma_+} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{D}^T \mathbf{v}_+ d\Gamma - \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^T \int_{\Gamma_-} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{D}^T \mathbf{v}_- d\Gamma \\
& + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^T \int_{\Gamma_+} \phi \mathbf{D}^T \mathbf{t}_+(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^T \int_{\Gamma_-} \phi \mathbf{D}^T \mathbf{t}_-(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma \\
& = 0
\end{aligned}$$

23

$$\begin{aligned}
& a(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) \\
& - \int_{\Gamma_+} \mathbf{t}_+^T(\mathbf{v}_+ - (1 - \epsilon)\mathbf{v}_-)d\Gamma - \int_{\Gamma_-} \mathbf{t}_-^T(\mathbf{v}_- - (1 - \epsilon)\mathbf{v}_+)d\Gamma \\
& + \int_{\Gamma_+} \frac{1}{\gamma}(\mathbf{u}_+^T - (1 - \epsilon)\mathbf{u}_-^T)\mathbf{v}_+d\Gamma + \int_{\Gamma_-} \frac{1}{\gamma}(\mathbf{u}_-^T - (1 - \epsilon)\mathbf{u}_+^T)\mathbf{v}_-d\Gamma \\
& - \int_{\Gamma_+} \phi(\mathbf{u}_+^T - (1 - \epsilon)\mathbf{u}_-^T)\mathbf{t}_+(\mathbf{v})d\Gamma - \int_{\Gamma_-} \phi(\mathbf{u}_-^T - (1 - \epsilon)\mathbf{u}_+^T)\mathbf{t}_-(\mathbf{v})d\Gamma \quad (26) \\
& - \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^T \int_{\Gamma_+} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{D}^T \mathbf{v}_+ d\Gamma - \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^T \int_{\Gamma_-} \frac{1}{\gamma} \mathbf{D}^T \mathbf{v}_- d\Gamma \\
& + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^T \int_{\Gamma_+} \phi \mathbf{D}^T \mathbf{t}_+(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^T \int_{\Gamma_-} \phi \mathbf{D}^T \mathbf{t}_-(\mathbf{v}) d\Gamma \\
& = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{g} = (\mathbf{D}_+ - (1 - \epsilon)\mathbf{D}_-)\boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \quad (27)$$